

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

D300, DA Microfiber Correction Compound (27-113A): D30001, D30032, D30016

Product Identification Numbers

14-1000-6294-3, 14-1000-6295-0, 14-1000-6474-1

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive, Removes scratches and surface paint blemishes

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: Meguiar's, Inc. DIVISION: Meguiar's

ADDRESS: 17991 Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92614, USA

Telephone: 949-752-8000 (Fax: 949-752-5784)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

Symbols

Exclamation mark |

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Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Wear protective gloves.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Water	7732-18-5	50 - 70 Trade Secret *
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	5 - 20 Trade Secret *
Petroleum Distillates	64742-88-7	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
White Mineral Oil	8042-47-5	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Glycerin	56-81-5	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Petroleum Distillates	64742-48-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	63148-62-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret *

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

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Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

Condition

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Substance

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Contanton
Hydrocarbons	During Combustion
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

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Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	CMRG	TWA:1 fiber/cc	
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Aluminum, insoluble compounds	1344-28-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Glycerin	56-81-5	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Naphtha	64742-48-9	OSHA	TWA:400 mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Petroleum Distillates	64742-48-9	Manufacturer determined	TWA:100 ppm	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-88-7	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Skin Notation
Petroleum Distillates	64742-88-7	CMRG	TWA:100 ppm	
MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY- REFINED OILS	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Paraffin oil	8042-47-5	OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

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Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:

Odor, Color, Grade: Sweet odor; Red, creamy, viscous lotion

No Data Available Odor threshold 8.2 - 8.8

рH **Melting point** Not Applicable

380 °F **Boiling Point**

Flash Point Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F)

No Data Available **Evaporation rate** Not Applicable Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Limits(LEL) No Data Available Flammable Limits(UEL) No Data Available Vapor Pressure No Data Available

No Data Available **Vapor Density**

Density 1.065 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.065 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Moderate

Solubility- non-water No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water No Data Available **Autoignition temperature** No Data Available **Decomposition temperature** No Data Available

25,000 - 35,000 centipoise Viscosity

Molecular weight No Data Available **Volatile Organic Compounds** 11.00 % weight **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** 572.47 g/l

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Temperatures above the boiling point

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids Strong bases Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eve Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

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Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminum Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminum Oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Irritant
White Mineral Oil	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Irritant
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminum Oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Poly(Dimethylsiloxane)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitization

Simi Schsitzation		
Name	Species	Value
Petroleum Distillates	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	
White Mineral Oil	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	
Glycerin	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	

Petroleum Distillates	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	
Triethanolamine	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Aluminum Oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Petroleum Distillates	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White Mineral Oil	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Petroleum Distillates	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Aluminum Oxide	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White Mineral Oil	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerin	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesi s
White Mineral Oil	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation

Glycerin	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesi s
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Aluminum Oxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis pulmonary fibrosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days

White Mineral Oil	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL	90 days
white whiterar on	nigestion	system	data are not sufficient for	Rut	1.381	Jo days
		System	classification		mg/kg/day	
White Mineral Oil	Ingestion	liver immune	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL	90 days
Transcription of	ingestion	system	data are not sufficient for		1.336	yo unjo
		System	classification		mg/kg/day	
Glycerin	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL 3.91	14 days
ory com.	111111111111111	respiratory system	data are not sufficient for		mg/l	1 · uujs
			classification			
Glycerin	Inhalation	heart liver kidney	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 3.91	14 days
Ť		and/or bladder			mg/l	
Glycerin	Ingestion	endocrine system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL	2 years
•		hematopoietic			10,000	
		system liver			mg/kg/day	
		kidney and/or				
		bladder				
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL 4.6	6 months
			data are not sufficient for		mg/l	
			classification			
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL 1.9	13 weeks
		bladder	data are not sufficient for		mg/l	
			classification			
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Multiple	NOAEL 0.6	90 days
			data are not sufficient for	animal	mg/l	
			classification	species		
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails,	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.6	12 weeks
		and/or hair blood			mg/l	
		liver muscles				
Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	heart	All data are negative	Multiple	NOAEL 1.3	90 days
				animal	mg/l	
				species		
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the	Multiple	NOAEL	2 years
		bladder	data are not sufficient for	animal	2,000	
			classification	species	mg/kg/day	
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the	Mouse	NOAEL	13 weeks
			data are not sufficient for		4,000	
m' d d '	.	1.1	classification	ъ.	mg/kg/day	
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL	2 years
		bladder	data are not sufficient for		1,000	
m ' .1 1 '		1*	classification	G :	mg/kg/day	24 :
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the	Guinea	NOAEL	24 weeks
			data are not sufficient for	pig	1,600	
		1	classification		mg/kg/day	

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value		
Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard		
White Mineral Oil	Aspiration hazard		
Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard		

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

General Transportation Statement: This product does not require classification by DOT, IATA, ICAO or IMDG.

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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